

$$\int_0^{\infty} (x^n + 1)^{-1} dx = \frac{\pi/n}{\sin(\pi/n)}$$

Acknowledgment

I have always wanted to prove this generalized integral multiple ways. Before this I proved a couple cases (where $n = 0, 1, 2, 3$ with 0 and 1 being common integrals) and with the Beta Function for general purposes. However, using Complex Analysis feels far more satisfying. I wanted to specifically credit Dr. Peyam and Crystal Math for giving video tools that I could extrapolate! See the References for those videos. AS for integral since I don't know how to draw it I'll be using a sector contour with the angle defined below.

Proof

$$\therefore \oint_C f(z) dz = \int_0^R f(z) dz + \int_{\gamma_R} f(z) dz - \underbrace{e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}}}_{\theta = \frac{2\pi}{n}} \int_0^R f(z) dz \quad (1)$$

$$= \left(1 - e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}}\right) \int_0^R f(z) dz + \int_{\gamma_R} f(z) dz \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore \text{Res}[f(z)] \implies \lim_{z \rightarrow e^{\frac{\pi i}{n}}} (z - e^{\frac{\pi i}{n}}) (z^n + 1)^{-1} \quad (3)$$

$$= \lim_{z \rightarrow e^{\frac{\pi i}{n}}} \frac{1}{nz^{n-1}} = \frac{1}{ne^{\pi i(1-1/n)}} \quad (4)$$

$$\therefore \oint_C f(z) dz = \frac{2\pi i}{ne^{\pi i(1-1/n)}} \quad (5)$$

$$\therefore \left| \int_{\gamma_R} f(z) dz \right| \leq \left(\frac{2\pi R}{n} \right) (R^n - 1)^{-1} \approx \frac{1}{R^{n-1}} \implies \lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{R^{n-1}} \right) = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\therefore \frac{2\pi i}{ne^{\pi i(1-1/n)}} = \left(1 - e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}}\right) \lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \left[\int_0^R f(z) dz \right] \quad (7)$$

$$\therefore \int_0^{\infty} f(z) dz = \frac{2\pi i}{ne^{\pi i(1-1/n)} \left(1 - e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}}\right)} \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi i}{n(e^{i\pi(1-1/n)} - e^{i\pi(1+1/n)})} = \frac{2\pi i}{n(e^{i\pi(1-1/n)} - e^{-i\pi(1-1/n)})} \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{2\pi i}{n2i \sin(\pi(1-1/n))} = \frac{\pi/n}{\sin(\pi(1-1/n))} = \frac{\pi/n}{\sin(\pi/n)} \quad (10)$$

References

- [1] **C. D. Chester.** “Integral of $1/(x^n + 1)$ from 0 to ∞ ” *C. D. Publications*, 9 Apr 19, <https://cdchester.co.uk/2019/04/09/integral-of-1-xn1-from-0-to-%e2%88%9e/>. Accessed 31 May 21.
- [2] **C. D. Chester.** “Integral of $[1 + (x^g)]^{-n}$ from 0 to ∞ ” *C. D. Publications*, 17 Apr 19, <https://cdchester.co.uk/2019/04/17/integral-of-1xg-n-from-0-to-%e2%88%9e/>. Accessed 31 May 21.
- [3] **Crystal Math.** “Contour Integration #7 - Integrating $1/(x^8 + 1)$ - LearnMathsFree” *YouTube*, 8 Aug 16, <https://youtu.be/Qy-TNya9GE0>. Accessed 31 May 21.
- [4] **Dr Peyam.** “Integral $1/(x^n + 1)$ from 0 to infinity” *YouTube*, 23 Mar 18, <https://youtu.be/xro7c-mDk1g>. Accessed 31 May 21.